

**Course: Introduction to Theology**  
**Series: Building Biblical Theology**  
**Discussion Forum One: What is Biblical Theology?**  
**Instructor: Dr. Richard L. Pratt, Jr.**

- 1. What is the difference between systematic theology and biblical theology? (0:10)**
- 2. Which is more important: systematic theology or biblical theology? (05:10)**
- 3. Do systematic theology and biblical theology inform each other? (07:35)**
- 4. Does biblical theology reflect the content and priorities of the Bible? (13:30)**
- 5. Why do biblical theologians focus on extraordinary acts of God? (19:00)**
- 6. How might biblical theology make use of an ordinary act of God? (21:55)**
- 7. Do Christians always reformulate theology in response to culture? (26:50)**
- 8. Is it dangerous to reformulate theology in response to culture? (32:20)**
- 9. What is the difference between critical and evangelical biblical theology? (36:10)**
- 10. Why do critical biblical theologians value Heilsgeschichte or redemptive history? (41:15)**
- 11. Why is it important to realize that the Bible records actual history? (43:45)**
- 12. How can we prove that the Bible records true history? (45:25)**
- 13. How did Hodge's view of evangelical biblical theology differ from Warfield's view? (48:10)**
- 14. What was Vos' view of evangelical biblical theology? (59:00)**
- 15. If we focus entirely on Jesus and redemptive history, what might we miss? (01:05:20)**
- 16. Why are both act and word revelation important? (01:10:25)**
- 17. How is act revelation "radial" and "ambiguous"? (01:17:00)**
- 18. How do epochal shifts correspond to periods of increased revelation? (01:26:30)**
- 19. Doesn't God constantly provide revelation? (01:30:25)**
- 20. How should shifts in revelation influence modern application? (01:34:15)**
- 21. How is the history of revelation "organic"? (01:38:30)**